#### **Cardero Resource Corporation**

## Summary Report on the Incahuasi Gold Project

Located in Catamarca province of
Northwest Argentina
25°25'35"S, 67°11'05"W
(WGS 84, UTM Sec. 19 J 0682600E 71786400N)

#### Prepared for:

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January 20, 2008

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#### 1.0 Summary

The Incahuasi property is located in the Puna region of northwest Argentina at an altitude of 4100 meters. The property spans an historic underground gold mine that has undergone intermittent production from pre-Hispanic times. Major production occurred from 1936 -1954 where the Nueva Compania de Incahuasi reportedly averaged 14.21 g/t Au (Gonzales, 1999), with local bonaza grades of up to 300 g/t au. The property consists of five mine concessions ('minas') and four surrounding exploration licenses ('cateos') covering 2832 hectares. The cateos are held 100% by Cardero and the minas are held by a private individual with whom Cardero has a right to earn 100% interest subject to a 2% NSR.

The Incahuasi property is situated within the Ordovician Santa Victoria Group passive margin sequence that extends from northwest Argentina through Bolivia and Peru. This sequence of sedimentary rocks is well known in all three countries for hosting gold mineralization in quartz veins. The mineralization, alteration, and structural characteristics of the Incahuasi property are consistent with the SHV (Sedimentary Hosted Vein) deposit model as defined by Klipfel (2005).

Au mineralization on the Incahuasi property occurs over a 900 x 450 meter area. Detailed sampling and structural mapping have resulted in the identification of three main target areas: 1) the Dead Man's Shear Zone (DMSZ), 2) the Western Shear Zone (WSZ), and 3) the Western Vein Group (WVG). Structural controls on mineralization are deemed critical on the Incahuasi property and the following structural interpretation has been developed to design an effective exploration model.

The Santa Victoria Group sediments were subjected to fold and thrust deformation during the late Ordovician Ocloyic orgeny (Bahlburg and Herve, 1997) that produced well developed west verging thrust related shear zones and folds that host Au mineralization on the property. These gold bearing structures have been offset (10's of meters) by Tertiary (?) aged west verging thrust faults.

The primary target area is the DMSZ. This structure has a recognized strike length of 900 meters and an average width of approximately 10 meters. It has been the focus of historical production on the property being mined on six levels to a depth of 130 meters. Mineralization along this shear zone is open at depth and to the north and south, and provides an attractive exploration target. The WSZ represents a secondary target on the property and is interpreted to be a minor splay off of the DMSZ. The structure has an exposed strike length of 340 meters and has been mined on three levels to a depth of 90 meters. The presence of the WSZ indicates the possibility that other similar blind structures may be present at depth. Finally the WVG provides a bulk tonnage style of target with Au bearing quartz veins occurring over a 200 x 90 meter area.

Exploration work carried out by Cardero during the 2006 and 2007 exploration programs include: a reconnaissance sampling program, detailed 1:1000 scale structural and alteration mapping, trenching programs across the DMSZ and WVG target areas, limited underground sampling, detailed sampling and scoping level metallurgical test work on